

1. A verb is a word that _____.
a. shows an action or describes a state of being b. describes or elaborates on the noun
c. establishes the subject of the sentence
2. In English Grammar, verbs change form to show _____.
a. who performs the action b. why the action is being taken c. what action is happening
3. Changing the form of the verb to conform to the different type of subject is called _____.
a. conforming b. conjugating c. constructing
4. One of the easiest ways to change a verb into the simple past tense is _____.
a. not changing it at all b. adding "ed" at the end c. taking away the "e" at the end
5. "Be," "run" and "eat" are _____ verbs that change in unpredictable ways.
a. semi-regular b. regular c. irregular
6. To change a verb into the simple future tense, put "_____" in front of it.
a. when b. why c. will
7. Using the past, present or future tense of the helping verb "_____" helps establish the perfect tense of the main verb in the sentence.
a. to hold b. to handle c. to have
8. There are two types of progressive tenses, the _____.
a. easy and hard b. simple and perfect c. plain and complex
9. To create simple progressive tenses, usually "_____" can be added to the end of the main verb.
a. y b. ing c. s
10. For future progressive tenses, a form of "_____" should be used with the main verb.
a. to be b. to know c. to demand
11. The perfect progressive tense indicates _____ action, and contains elements of both the perfect tenses and progressive tenses.
a. continuing b. ending c. starting



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Answer Key

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|-------|-------|
| 1. a | 2. a |
| 3. b | 4. b |
| 5. c | 6. c |
| 7. c | 8. b |
| 9. b | 10. a |
| 11. a | |

FOLD ON LINE,
THEN DUPLICATE